Case study: An analysis of LSLs in small community water systems in Illinois

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Illinois service line materials inventory

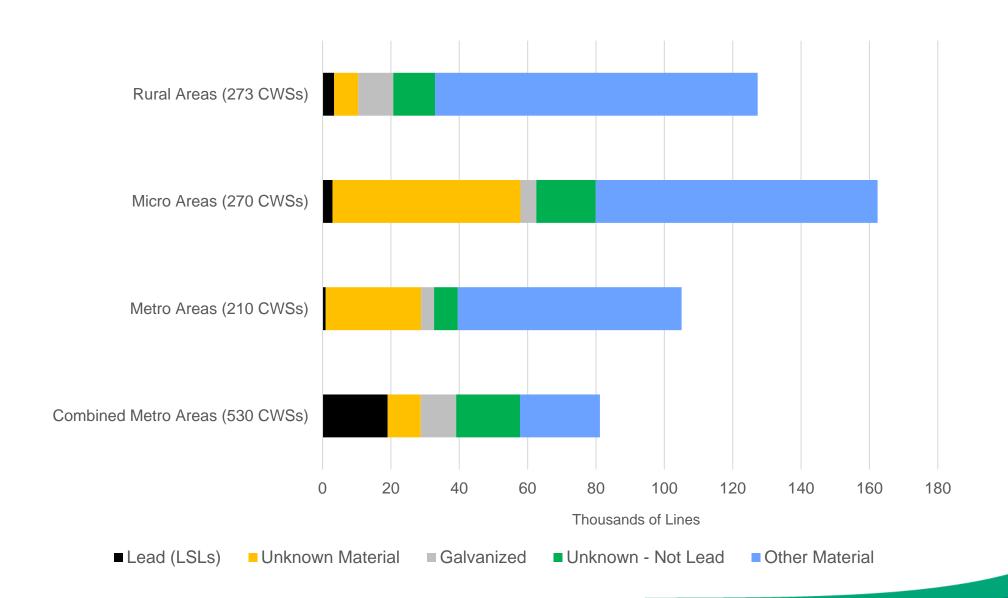
- January 2017 law mandated that community water systems (CWSs) report annually its inventory of service line materials to Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA).
- First year of annual reporting was in 2018.
- IEPA makes reports available in real time on its website.
- In second year of reporting, IEPA allowed "unknown not lead" and "unknown material" to be reported separately. All 1731 CWSs reported.
- 225 CWSs began operations after 1986 when new LSLs were prohibited.
- Association of State Drinking Water Administrators (ASDWA) issued white paper to states on developing LSL inventories that highlighted Illinois as a good example.

Reported service line material for different size CWSs in Illinois

| | # of CWSs* | Total lines | LSLs (% of total) | Lines of unknown material (% of total) | Ratio of unknown lines to LSLs |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| Chicago Water | 1 | 520,673 | 392,614 (75%) | 120,760 (23%) | 1 : 3.3 |
| Large CWSs (> 50K served)* | 30 | 912,152 | 130,223 (14%) | 333,851 (37%) | 2.6 : 1 |
| Medium CWSs (10 to 50K served) | 192 | 1,441,689 | 129,669 (9%) | 346,604 (24%) | 2.7 : 1 |
| Small CWSs (< 10 K served) | 1,283 | 836,683 | 26,292 (3%) | 250,075 (30%) | 10 : 1 |
| Total | 1,506 | 3,711,197 | 678,798 (18%) | 1,051,290 (28%) | 1.6 : 1 |

^{*} Excluding Chicago Water and CWS that began operation after 1986 when the new LSLs were banned nationally.

Number of service lines by type of material for Illinois small CWSs in 2019



The numbers behind the chart

| Illinois Small CWS Reporting in 2019 | Total Service Lines | Lead (LSLs) (% of total) | Unknown Material (% of total) | Ratio of unknown lines to LSLs | Galvanized (% of total) | Unknown - Not Lead (% of total) | Other Material (% of total) |
|---|---------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Rural Areas (273 CWSs) | 190,745 | 3,393 (2%) | 70,490 (37%) | 21 : 1 | 10,254 (5%) | 12,214 (6%) | 94,394 (49%) |
| Micro Areas (270 CWSs) | 162,384 | 2,908 (2%) | 55,008 (34%) | 19 : 1 | 4,635 (3%) | 17,389 (11%) | 82,444 (51%) |
| Metro Areas (210 CWSs) | 105,036 | 926 (1%) | 27,907 (27%) | 30 : 1 | 3,801 (4%) | 6,946 (7%) | 65,456 (62%) |
| Combined Metro Areas (530 CWSs) | 378,518 | 19,065 (5%) | 96,670 (26%) | 5:1 | 10,361 (3%) | 18,672 (5%) | 233,750 (62%) |
| Total for all Small CWSs (1283 CWSs) | 836,683 | 26,292 (3%) | 250,075 (30%) | 9.5 : 1 | 29,051 (3%) | 55,221 (7%) | 476,044 (57%) |

Small CWSs in combined metro areas have a better ratio (5:1) of unknown lines to LSLs than their counterparts in other areas. Of the six combined metro areas, Chicago Metro stood out with a ratio of 3:1 compared to more than 18 in the other areas.



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